COSE312: Compilers Lecture 18 — Course Review

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Compilers

Software systems that translate a program written in one language ("source language") into a program written in another language ("target language").



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Structure of Modern Compilers



- The front-end understands the source program and translates it to an intermediate representation (IR).
- The middle-end takes a program in IR and optimizes it in terms of efficiency, energy consumption, and so on.
- The back-end transforms the IR program into machine-code.

Front End



- The lexical analyzer transforms the character stream into a stream of tokens.
- The syntax analyzer transforms the stream of tokens into a syntax tree.
- The semantic analyzer checks if the program is semantically well-formed.
- The IR translator translates the syntax tree into IR.

Middle End

Transform IR to have better performance:



ex)



original IR

final IR

Back End

Generate the target machine code:



STORE pos, R1

- A key component of compiler back-end is register allocation.
- The remaining translation from IR to machine code is not difficult.

Summary

A modern compiler consists of three phases:



- Front end understands the syntax and semantics of source program.
- Middle end improves the efficiency of the program.
- Back end generates the target program.

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