

# AAA616: Program Analysis

## Lecture 6 — A Static Analyzer for C-like Languages

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# A C-like Language

- A program is represented by a control-flow graph ( $\mathbb{C}, \rightarrow$ )
- A command,  $\mathbf{cmd}(c)$ , is associated with a program point:

$$c \rightarrow lv := e \mid lv := alloc_l(a) \mid x < n \mid f_x(e) \mid return_f$$

expression	$e$	$\rightarrow$	$n \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid lv \mid \&lv$
l-value	$lv$	$\rightarrow$	$x \mid *e \mid e_1[e_2] \mid e.x$
allocation	$a$	$\rightarrow$	$[e] \mid \{x\}$

# Abstract Semantics

- Abstract Domain

$$\mathbb{D} = \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{S}$$

$$\mathbb{S} = \mathbb{L} \rightarrow \mathbb{V}$$

$$\mathbb{L} = \mathbf{Var} + \mathbf{AllocSite} + \mathbf{AllocSite} \times \mathbf{FieldName}$$

$$\mathbb{V} = \mathbb{I} \times \wp(\mathbb{L}) \times \wp(\mathbf{AllocSite} \times \mathbb{I} \times \mathbb{I}) \times \wp(\mathbf{AllocSite} \times \wp(\mathbf{FieldName}))$$

- Abstract Semantic Function:

$$F(X) = \lambda c. \bigsqcup_{c' \rightarrow c} f_{c'}(X(c'))$$

$$f_c(s) =$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} s[\hat{\mathcal{L}}(lw)(s) \xrightarrow{w} \hat{\mathcal{V}}(e)(s)] & c = lw := e \\ s[\hat{\mathcal{L}}(lw)(s) \xrightarrow{w} \langle \perp, \perp, \{ \langle l, [0, 0], \hat{\mathcal{V}}(e)(s).1 \rangle \}, \perp \rangle] & c = lw := alloc_l([e]) \\ s[\hat{\mathcal{L}}(lw)(s) \xrightarrow{w} \langle \perp, \perp, \perp, \{ \langle l, \{x\} \rangle \} \rangle] & c = lw := alloc_l(\{x\}) \\ s[x \mapsto \langle s(x).1 \sqcap [-\infty, n-1], s(x).2, s(x).3, s(x).4 \rangle] & c = x < n \\ s[x \mapsto \hat{\mathcal{V}}(e)(s)] & c = f_x(e) \\ s & c = return_f \end{array} \right.$$

# Abstract Semantics

$$\hat{\mathcal{V}}(e) \in \mathbb{S} \rightarrow \mathbb{V}$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{V}}(n)(s) = \langle \alpha_{\hat{\mathcal{Z}}}(n), \perp, \perp, \perp \rangle$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{V}}(e_1 + e_2)(s) = \hat{\mathcal{V}}(e_1)(s) \hat{+} \hat{\mathcal{V}}(e_2)(s)$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{V}}(lv)(s) = \sqcup \{s(l) \mid l \in \hat{\mathcal{L}}(lv)(s)\}$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{V}}(\&lv)(s) = \langle \perp, \hat{\mathcal{L}}(lv)(s), \perp, \perp \rangle$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{L}}(lv) \in \mathbb{S} \rightarrow \wp(\mathbb{L})$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{L}}(x)(s) = \{x\}$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{L}}(*e)(s) = \hat{\mathcal{V}}(e)(s).2 \cup \{l \mid \langle l, o, s \rangle \in \hat{\mathcal{V}}(e)(s).3\} \\ \cup \{\langle l, x \rangle \mid \langle l, X \rangle \in \hat{\mathcal{V}}(e)(s).4 \wedge x \in X\}$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{L}}(e_1[e_2])(s) = \{l \mid \langle l, o, s \rangle \in \hat{\mathcal{V}}(e_1)(s).3\}$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{L}}(e.x)(s) = \{\langle l, x \rangle \mid \langle l, X \rangle \in \hat{\mathcal{V}}(e)(s).4 \wedge x \in X\}$$

# Fixed Point Algorithm

$W \in \text{Worklist} = \wp(\mathbb{C})$   
 $T \in \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \hat{\mathcal{S}}$   
 $\hat{f}_c \in \hat{\mathcal{S}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathcal{S}}$   
 $W := \mathbb{C}$   
 $T := \lambda c. \perp$   
**repeat**  
     $c := \text{choose}(W)$   
     $W := W - \{c\}$   
     $s_{in} := \bigsqcup_{c' \rightarrow c} \hat{f}_{c'}(T(c'))$   
    **if**  $s_{in} \not\sqsubseteq \hat{X}(c)$   
        **if**  $c$  is a head of a flow cycle  
             $s_{in} := T(c) \nabla s_{in}$   
             $\hat{X}(c) := s_{in}$   
             $W := W \cup \{c' \mid c \rightarrow c'\}$   
**until**  $W = \emptyset$